THE FIVE PILLARS OF ISLAM

& parallels in Judaism

أَلاَّرْكَان الخَمْسنة في الإسلام والنُظراء في اليهوديّة

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قال المصنف -رحمه الله تعالى-: وعن أبي عبد الرحمن عبد الله بن عمر بن الخطاب -رضي الله عنهما-، قال: سمعت رسول الله -صلى الله عليه وسلم- يقول: بني الإسلام على خمس: شهادة أن لا إله إلا الله وأن محمداً رسول الله، وإقام الصلاة، وإيتاء الزكاة، وحج البيت، وصوم رمضان رواه البخاري ومسلم.

On the authority of Abu 'Abd al-Rahman 'Abdullah bin 'Umar bin al-Khattab (*radiyallahu 'anhuma*) who said: I heard the Messenger of Allah (*ṣallallahu 'alayhi wasallam*), say: "Islam has been built upon five things - on testifying that there is no other god but Allah, and that Muhammad is His Messenger; on performing prayer; on giving the *zakāt*; on Hajj to the House; and on fasting during Ramaḍān." [Al-Bukhari & Muslim]

لاً إلاهَ إلاَّ الله ومُحَمَّد رَسُولُ الله (אֱמוּנָה - 1. FAITH (Imān - لاَ إلاهَ إلاَّ الله ومُحَمَّد رَسُولُ الله

אַין אַל אַלָּא הָאֵל וּמֶחַפֶּד שְׁלִיחַ הָאֵל

The shahāda or shahādatayn (the "witnessing"): "There is no god but God, and Muhammad is His messenger." Shema` Yisrael: אָבָּע יִשְרָאֵל יִדֹנָד אֱלֹהָינוּ יִדֹנָד אֱלַהִינוּ יִדֹנָד אֱלַהִינוּ

Sub-requirements of faith: angels (*al-malā'ika*), prophets (*al-anbiyā'*) and Scriptures (*al-kitāb*), final judgment (*yawm al-dīn, al-yawm al-ākhir, yawm al-qiyāma*), divine decree and predestination.

Sura 2 (The Cow)

Allah! There is no deity save Him, the Alive, the Eternal. Neither slumber nor sleep overtakes Him. Whatever is in the heavens and in the earth is His. Who is he that intercedes with Him save by His leave? He knows what is before them and what is behind them, while they cannot comprehend any of His knowledge save what He pleases. His throne includes the heavens and the earth, and He is never weary of preserving them. He is the Sublime, the Tremendous.

سورة البقرة

الله لا إِله إِلاَّ هُوَ الْحَيُّ الْقَيُّومُ لاَ تَأْخُذُهُ سِنَةٌ وَلاَ نَوْمٌ لَّهُ مَا فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الأَرْضِ مَن ذَا الَّذِي يَشْفَعُ عِنْدَهُ إِلاَّ بِإِذْنِهِ يَعْلَمُ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ وَلاَ يُحِيطُونَ بِشَيْءٍ مِّنْ عِلْمِهِ إِلاَّ بِمَا شَاء وَسِعَ كُرْسِيُّهُ السَّمَاوَاتِ بِشَيْءٍ مِّنْ عِلْمِهِ إِلاَّ بِمَا شَاء وَسِعَ كُرْسِيُّهُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالأَرْضَ وَلاَ يَؤُودُهُ حِفْظُهُمَا وَهُوَ الْعَلِيُّ الْعَظِيمُ {255}

Deuteronomy 6

⁴Hear, O Israel! The Lord is our God, the Lord is one. ⁵You shall love the Lord your God with all your heart and with all your soul and with all your might. ⁶Take to heart these instructions with which I charge you this day. ⁷Impress them upon your children. Recite them when you stay at home and when you are away, when you lied down and when you get up.

ספר דברים ו

(ד) שְׁמַע יִשְּׁרָאֵל יְדֹנָד אֱלֹהֵינוּ יְדֹנָד אֶחָד: (ה) וְאָהַבְּתָּ אֵת יְדֹנָד אֱלֹהֶיךּ בְּכָל לְבָבְּךּ וְבְכָל נַפְשְׁךּ וּבְכָל מְאֹדֶך:

(וֹ) וְהָיוֹ הַדְּבָרִים הָאֵלֶּה אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְּךְּ הַיּוֹם עַל לְבַבָּךִ:

(ז) וְשִׁנַּנְתָּם לְבָנֶיךּ וְדִבַּרְתָּ בָּם בְּשִׁבְתְּדְּ בְּבִיתֶךּ וּבְלֶכְתְּךָּ בַדֶּרֶדְ וּבְשָׁכְבְּדָּ וּבְקוּמֶדְּ: ⁸Bind them as a sign on your hand and let them serve as a symbol on your forehead. ⁹Inscribe them on the doorposts of your house and on your gates.

(ח) וּקְשַּׁרְתָּם לְאוֹת עַל יָדֶדְּ וְהָיוּ לְטֹטָפֿת בָּין עֵינֶידְּ:

(ט) וּכְתַבְתָם עַל מְזוֹזת בֵּיתֶך וּבִשְּעָרֵיךְ:ס

2. PRAYER (salāt צָלוֹתָא - וلصَّلاة [Aramaic] צָלוֹתָא or תָּפִילָה (עבוֹדָה אוֹ הַילָה).

Sura 2 (The Cow)

⁴³Establish worship, bring the *zakāt* (required giving), and bow your heads with those who bow [in prayer].

⁴⁵Seek help in patience and prayer. It is truly hard except for the humble.

¹⁵⁰From wherever you go forth, turn your face in the direction of the Sacred Mosque, and wherever you are, turn your faces in its direction...

¹⁵³O believers! Seek help in patience and prayer. God is with those who patiently endure. ²³⁸Remember the prayers, and the middle prayer, and stand reverently [in worship] to God. ²³⁹But if you are afraid, then pray either on foot or mounted. Then, when you are secure, remember God, as He taught you what you did not know.

سورة البقرة

وَأَقِيمُواْ الصَّلاَةَ وَآتُواْ الزَّكَاةَ وَارْكَعُواْ مَعَ الرَّاكِعِينَ [43] وَاسْتَعِينُواْ بِالصَّبْرِ وَالصَّلاَةِ وَإِنَّهَا لَكَبِيرَةٌ إِلاَّ عَلَى الْخَاشِعِينَ [45]

وَمِنْ حَيْثُ حَرَجْتَ فَوَلِّ وَجْهَكَ شَطْرَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحُرَامِ
وَحَيْثُ مَا كُنتُمْ فَوَلُّواْ وُجُوهَكُمْ شَطْرَهُ... [150]
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُواْ اسْتَعِينُواْ بِالصَّبْرِ وَالصَّلاَةِ إِنَّ اللّهَ مَعَ
الصَّابِرِينَ [153] حَافِظُواْ عَلَى الصَّلوَاتِ والصَّلاَةِ الْوُسْطَى
وَقُومُواْ لِلّهِ قَانِتِينَ [238] فَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ فَرِجَالاً أَوْ رُكْبَانًا فَإِذَا
أَمِنتُمْ فَاذْكُرُواْ اللّهَ كَمَا عَلَّمَكُم مَّا لَمْ تَكُونُواْ
تَعْلَمُونَ [239]

Sura 4 (The Women)

⁴³O believers! Do not enter into prayer intoxicated until you know what you say, nor ritually unclean unless you be travelling, until you wash yourselves. If you are sick or on a journey, or if one of you come from the bathroom, or if you have touched women and do not find water, sand yourselves with good sand, and rub your faces and your hands. God has become forgiving, pardoning.

¹⁰³[Context is one of going off to battle] When you have performed prayer, remember God standing, sitting or lying on your sides. Afterwards, when you feel secure again, observe the prayer. Prayer is something commanded for believers at stated times.

سورة النساء

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُواْ لاَ تَقْرَبُواْ الصَّلاَةُ وَأَنتُمْ سُكَارَى حَتَّى تَعْتَسِلُواْ تَعْلَمُواْ مَا تَقُولُونَ وَلاَ جُنبًا إِلاَّ عَابِرِي سَبِيلٍ حَتَّى تَعْتَسِلُواْ وَإِن كُنتُم مَّرْضَى أَوْ عَلَى سَفَرٍ أَوْ جَاء أَحَدُ مِّنكُم مِّن الْغَآئِطِ أَوْ لاَمَسْتُمُ النِّسَاء فَلَمْ تَجِدُواْ مَاء فَتَيَمَّمُواْ صَعِيدًا طَيِّبًا فَامْسَحُواْ بِوُجُوهِكُمْ وَأَيْدِيكُمْ إِنَّ اللّهَ كَانَ عَفُوًّا فَيْ اللّهَ كَانَ عَفُواً فَيْ اللّهَ كَانَ عَفُواْ فَيْ اللّهُ كَانَ عَفُواْ فَيْ اللّهُ كَانَ عَفُواْ فَيْ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ كَانَ عَفُواْ فَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ كَانَ عَفُواْ فَيْ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَى عَلَيْ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَى عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ ال

غَفُورًا [43]

فَإِذَا قَضَيْتُمُ الصَّلاَةَ فَاذْكُرُواْ اللَّهَ قِيَامًا وَقُعُودًا وَعَلَى فَإِذَا اطْمَأْنَتُمْ فَأَقِيمُواْ الصَّلاَةَ إِنَّ الصَّلاَةَ كَانَتْ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ كِتَابًا مَّوْقُوتًا [103]

5 times/day: early morning (fajr), noon (dhuhr), mid-afternoon (`asr), sunset (maghrib), evening (` $ish\bar{a}$ '). Friday congregational service: jum`a with sermon (khutba). Call to prayer $(adh\bar{a}n)$. Includes spiritual and physical purification, right/left hands. Pollution (hadath) and Ablutions $(wud\bar{u})$. See http://muslim-canada.org/salaat.html

Psalm 65

¹For the leader. A psalm of David. A song. ²Praise befits You in Zion, O God; vows are paid to You.

³You who hears prayer, all flesh comes to You.

תהלים פרק סה

(א) לַמְנַצֵּחַ מִזְמוֹר לְדָוִד שִׁיר:

(ב) לְדְּ דָמִיָּה תְהִלָּה אֱלֹהִים בְּצִיּוֹן וּלְדְּ יִשְׁלֵם נֵדֵר:

(ג) שמע תְפָלָה עָדֶיךּ כָּל בָּשָׁר יָבֹאוּ:

Psalm 141

¹A psalm of David. I call You, O Lord, hasten to me, give ear to my voice when I cry to you. ²Take my prayer as an offering of incense, my upraised hands as an evening sacrifice.

תהלים פרק קמא

(א) מִזְמוֹר לְדָוִד יְקֹנָק קְרָאתִיךְ חוּשָׁה לִּי הַאֲזִינָה קוֹלִי בְּקָרְאִי לָךְ:

(ב) תַּכּוֹן תְּפָלָתִי קְטֹרֶת לְפָנֶיךּ מַשְּאַת כַּפֵּי מִנְחַת עַרֶב:

Daniel 6:11

When Daniel learned that [the ban against worshipping any god but King Darius] was put in writing, he went up to his house, with its upper windows facing Jerusalem, and three times a day knelt on his knees and prayed and gave thanks before his God, toward whom he always did previously.

דניאל פרק ו פסוק יא

וְדָנְיֵאל כְּדִי יְדַע דִּי-רְשִׁים כְּתָבָא עַל לְבַיְתֵהּ וְכַוִּין פְּתִיחָן לֵהּ בְּעַלִּיתֵהּ נָגֶד יְרוּשְׁלֶם וְזִמְנִין תְּלָתָה בְיוֹמָא הוּא בָּרֵדְ עַל-בִּרְכוֹהִי וּמְצֵלֵא וּמוֹדֵא קֶדָם אֱלָהֵהּ, כָּל-בֶבֵל דִּי-הֲוָא עָבֵד מִן-קַדְמַת דְּנָה. ס

3 times/day: early morning ($shahar\bar{\imath}t$) at least half hour after high noon ($minh\bar{\imath}ah$), evening ($ma r\bar{\imath}v$ or $rr\bar{\imath}u$). Saturday congregational service ($shabb\bar{\imath}at$) with Torah reading.

3. REQUIRED ALMSGIVING

(عِلَمَة عَلَيْكَاة al-ṣadaqa إِرَادَ الزُّكَاة al-ṣadaqa).

Sura 2 (The Cow)

²¹⁵They ask you what they should contribute. Say: "The good you have contributed is for parents, relatives, orphans, the poor, and the wayfarer. God knows whatever good you do.¹

سورة البقرة

يَسْأَلُونَكَ مَاذَا يُنفِقُونَ قُلْ مَا أَنفَقْتُم مِّنْ خَيْرٍ فَلِلْوَالِدَيْنِ وَالْأَقْرَبِينَ وَالْيَتَامَى وَالْمَسَاكِينِ وَابْنِ السَّبِيلِ وَمَا تَفْعَلُواْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَإِنَّ اللهَ بِهِ عَلِيمٌ 215

Sura 9 (Repentence)

⁶⁰ Ṣadaqāt are for the poor and the needy, the workers who administer them and those whose hearts are to be won over, for [ransom of] slaves, [relief of] debtors, for the path of God and the wayfarer; a duty imposed by God, for God is knowing, wise.

سه، ة الته بة

إِنَّمَا الصَّدَقَاتُ لِلْفُقَرَاء وَالْمَسَاكِينِ وَالْعَامِلِينَ عَلَيْهَا وَالْمُولِينَ عَلَيْهَا وَالْمُؤَلَّفَةِ قُلُوبُهُمْ وَفِي الرِّقَابِ وَالْغَارِمِينَ وَفِي سَبِيلِ اللّهِ وَابْنِ السَّيلِ فَرِيضَةً مِّنَ اللّهِ وَاللّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ [60]

¹ Q.2:177 adds that contributions should go also to those who free slaves, observe prayers and give funds themselves [understood in general to refer to all members of the Muslim *umma*].

Sura 2 (The Cow)

²⁷⁷Those who believe and do good works, establish prayers and give *zakāt* – their reward is with their Lord. No fear shall come upon them; neither shall they grieve.

سورة البقرة

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ آمَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ الصَّالِحَاتِ وَأَقَامُواْ الصَّلاَةَ وَآتَوُاْ النَّكَاةَ لَكُمْ النَّكَاةَ لَهُمْ النَّكَاةَ لَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ عِندَ رَبِّمِمْ وَلاَ حَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلاَ هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ {277}

Deuteronomy 15

⁷When there is a needy person among you, one of your kinsmen in any of your settlements in the land that the Lord your God is giving you, do not harden your heart and shut your hand against your needy kinsman. ⁸Rather, you must open your hand and lend him sufficient for whatever he needs. ⁹Beware lest you harbor the base thought, "The seventh year, the year of remission, is approaching," so that you are mean to your needy kinsman and give him nothing. He will cry out to the Lord against you, and you will incur guilt. ¹⁰Give to him readily and have no regrets when you do so, for in return the Lord your God will bless you in all your efforts and in all your undertakings. ¹¹For there will never cease to be needy ones in your land, which is why I command you: open your hand to the poor and needy kinsman in your land.

ספר דברים טו

שְׁעֶרֶיךְּ בְּאַרְצְךְּ אֲשֶׁר יְדֹנֶד אֱלֹהֶיךְּ נֹתֵן לָדְּ לֹא תְאַמֵּץ אֶת לְבָבְךְּ וְלֹא תִקְפֹּץ אֶת יִדְךְּ מֵאָחִיךְּ הָאֶבְיוֹן: (ח) כִּי פָתֹחַ תִּפְתַּח אֶת יִדְךְּ לוֹ וְהַעֲבֵט תַּעְבִיטֶנּוּ דֵּי מַחְסֹרוֹ אֲשֶׁר יֶחְסַר לוֹ: (ט) הִשְּמֶר לְךְּ פֶּן יִהְיֶה דָבָר עִם לְבָבְךְּ בְלִיַעַל לֵאמֹר קָרְבָה שְׁנַת הַשֶּׁבַע שְׁנַת הַשְּׁמִטָּה וְרָעָה עֵינְךְּ בְּאָחִיךְּ הָאֶבְיוֹן וְלֹא תִתֵּן לוֹ וְקָרָא עָלֵיךְ אֶל יִדֹנָד וְהָיָה בְּךְּ

(ז) כִּי יָהָיֶה בִּךְּ אֶבִיוֹן מֵאַחֵד אַחֵיךְ בְּאַחַד

חֵטְא: (י) נָתוֹן תִּתֵּן לוֹ וְלֹא יֵרֵע לְבָבְךּ בְּתִתְּךּ לוֹ כִּי בִּגְלַל הַדָּבָר הַזֶּה יְבָרֶכְךּ יְדֹוָד אֱלֹהֶיךְּ בְּכָל מַעֲשֶׂךְ וּבְכֹל מִשְׁלַח יָדֶךְ:

(יא) כִּי לֹא יֶחְדֵּל אֶבְיוֹן מִקֶּרֶב הָאָרֶץ עַל כֵּן אָנֹכִי מְצַוְּךְּ לֵאמר פָּתֹחַ תִּפְתַּח אֶת יָדְךְּ לְאָחִיךְּ לַעֲנִיֶּךְ וּלְאֶבְיֹנְךְּ בְּאַרְצֶךְ: ס

Deuteronomy 16

with your son, and daughter, your male and female slave, the Levite in your communities, and the stranger, the fatherless, and the widow in your midst, at the place where the Lord your God will choose to establish His name. ¹²Bear in mind that you were slaves in Egypt, and take care to obey these laws. ¹³After the ingathering from your threshing floor and your vat, you shall hold the Feast of Booths for seven days. ¹⁴You shall rejoice in your festival, with your son and daughter, your male and female slave, the Levite, stranger, the fatherless, and the widow in your communities.

ספר דברים טז

(יא) וְשָּׁמַחְתָּ לִפְנֵי יְדֹוָד אֱלֹהֶיךּ אַתָּה וּבְנְּדְּ וּבִתֶּדְּ וְעַבְדְּדְּ וַאֲמָתֶךְ וְהַלֵּוִי אֲשֶׁר בִּשְׁעָרֶיךְ וְהַגֵּר וְהַיָּתוֹם וְהָאַלְמָנָה אֲשֶׁר בְּקְרְבֶּךְ בַּמָקוֹם אֲשֶׁר יִבְחַר יְדוָד אֱלֹהֶיךְ לְשַׁכֵּן שָׁמוֹ שֵׁם:

(יב) וְזָכַרְתָּ כִּי עֶבֶד הָיִיתָ בְּמִצְרָיִם וְשָׁמַרְתָּ וַעָשִיתַ אֶת הַחָקִים הַאֵּלֵה: פ

(יג) חַג הַּסֶּכַּת תַּעְשֶה קְּךְּ שִּבְעַת יָמִים בָּאַסְפַּךְ מִגַּרָנִךְ וּמִיִּקְבֵּךְ:

(יד) וְשָּׁמַחְנָּ, בְּחַגֶּּךְ אֵׁתָּה וּבִנְךְ וּבִתֶּךְ וְעַבְדְּךְ וַאֲמָתֶךְ וְהַלֵּוִי וְהַגֵּר וְהַיָּתוֹם וְהָאַלְמָנָה אַשר בּשערידּ

4. FASTING (siyām الصَّيّام or sawm كانا - الصَّوْم month of Ramadan.

Sura 2 (The Cow)

¹⁸³O believers! Fasting is commanded for you, even as it was commanded for those before you, so that you be pious.

you, so that you be pious. ¹⁸⁴[Fast] a certain number of days; but if any of you be sick or on a journey, then a number of other days. Those who are in a position to fast may redeem [the duty] by feeding a poor individual, but if one does good voluntarily it is better for him; and it is better for you to fast, if you have knowledge.

¹⁸⁵The month of Ramaḍān, in which the Qur'ān was sent down as guidance for the people, and as clarity of guidance and *furqān*. So whoever of you is present during the month let him fast in it. But if anyone is sick or on a journey [let the person fast] a number of other days. God intends to make it easy for you and does not want to make it difficult for you -- that you should complete the [full] number [of days], and that you may magnify God for your guidance, that you will be thankful.

سورة البقرة

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُواْ كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الصِّيَامُ كَمَا كُتِبَ عَلَى النَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ [183] أَيَّامًا مَّعْدُودَاتٍ الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ [183] أَيَّامًا مَّعْدُودَاتٍ فَمَن كَانَ مِنكُم مَّرِيضًا أَوْ عَلَى سَفَرٍ فَعِدَّةٌ مِّنْ أَيَّامٍ أُخرَ وَعَلَى الَّذِينَ يُطِيقُونَهُ فِدْيَةٌ طَعَامُ مِسْكِينٍ فَمَن تَطَوَّعَ خَيْرًا وَعَلَى الَّذِينَ يُطِيقُونَهُ فِدْيَةٌ طَعَامُ مِسْكِينٍ فَمَن تَطَوَّعَ خَيْرًا فَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ

تَعْلَمُونَ [184]

شَهْرُ رَمَضَانَ الَّذِيَ أُنزِلَ فِيهِ الْقُرْآنُ هُدًى لِّلنَّاسِ وَبَيِّنَاتٍ مِّنَ الْهُدَى وَالْفُرْفَانِ فَمَن شَهِدَ مِنكُمُ الشَّهْرَ فَلْيَصُمْهُ وَمَن كَانَ مَرِيضًا أَوْ عَلَى سَفَرٍ فَعِدَّةٌ مِّنْ أَيَّامٍ أُخَرَ يُرِيدُ اللّهُ بِكُمُ الْيُسْرَ وَلاَ يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ الْعُسْرَ وَلِتُكْمِلُواْ الْعِدَّةَ وَلِتُكَبِّرُواْ اللّهَ عَلَى مَا هَذَاكُمْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ [185]

Leviticus 16

²⁹And this shall be to you a law for all time: In the seventh month, on the tenth day of the month, you shall practice self-denial and you shall do no manner of work, neither the citizen nor the alien who resides among you. ³⁰For on this day atonement shall be made for you to cleanse you of all your sins; you shall be clean before the Lord. ³¹It shall be a Sabbath of complete rest for you, and you shall practice self-denial; it is a law for all time.

ויקרא פרק טז

(כט) וְהָיְתָהׁ לָכֶם לְחֻקַּת עוֹלָם בַּחֹדֶשׁ הַשְּׁבִיעִי בֶּעָשוֹר לַחֹדֶשׁ הְּעַנּוּ אֶת נַפְשׁתֵיכֶם וְכָל מְלָאכָה לֹא תַעֲשׁוּ הָאֶזְרָח וְהַגֵּר הַגָּר בְּתוֹכְכֶם:

(ל) כִּי בַיּוֹם הַזֶּה יְכַפֵּר עֲלֵיכֶם לְטַהֵר אֶתְכֶם מִכּל חַטּאתִיכֶם לִפְנֵי יְלֹנָק תַּטָהַרוּ:

(לֹא) שַׁבַּת שַׁבָּתוֹן הִיא לָכֶם וְעִנִּיתֶם אֶת נַפְשֹׁתֵיכֶם חֻקַּת עוֹלָם:

5. PILGRIMAGE (ḥajj - חֵג).

Sura 2 (The Cow)

are fixed times for the people and the pilgrimage... ¹⁹⁶Perform the *ḥajj* and the `*Umra* to God. But if you are prevented, then [send] such [sacrificial] gift as may be convenient, but do not shave your heads until the gift has reached its place. If anyone of you is sick or suffering from an injury to the head, then a compensation by way of fasting or alsmgiving

سورة البقرة

يَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ الأهِلَّةِ قُلْ هِيَ مَوَاقِيتُ لِلنَّاسِ وَالْحَجِّ... [189] وَأَيَّتُواْ الْحُجَّ وَالْعُمْرَةَ لِلّهِ فَإِنْ أُحْصِرْتُمْ فَمَا اسْتَيْسَرَ مِنَ الْمُدْي وَلَا تَحْلِقُواْ رُؤُوسَكُمْ حَتَّى يَبْلُغَ الْمُدْيُ مَحِلَّهُ فَمَن كَانَ مِنكُم مَّرِيضاً أَوْ بِهِ أَدًى مِّن رَّأْسِهِ فَفِدْيَةٌ مِّن صِيَامٍ كَانَ مِنكُم مَّرِيضاً أَوْ بِهِ أَدًى مِّن رَّأْسِهِ فَفِدْيَةٌ مِّن صِيَامٍ أَوْ صَدَقَةٍ أَوْ نُسُكٍ... [196] الحُبِّ أَشْهُرٌ مَّعْلُومَاتٌ فَمَن أَوْ صَدَقَةٍ أَوْ نُسُكٍ...

or pious observance...¹⁹⁷The *ḥajj* is during the known months, so whoever undertakes the *ḥajj* as a duty, then let there be no lewdness, no vice and no wrangling during the *ḥajj*. God knows the good you do. Take provision, but the best provision is piety. Show piety towards Me, O you of insight.

فَرَضَ فِيهِنَّ الْحَجَّ فَلاَ رَفَثَ وَلاَ فُسُوقَ وَلاَ جِدَالَ فِي الْحَجِّ وَرَضَ فِيهِنَّ الْحَجِّ وَمَا تَفْعَلُواْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ يَعْلَمْهُ اللّهُ وَتَزَوَّدُواْ فَإِنَّ خَيْرَ الزَّادِ التَّقْوَى وَاتَّقُونِ يَا أُوْلِي الأَلْبَابِ [197]

Deuteronomy 16

¹⁶Three times a year all of your males shall appear before the Lord your God in the place that he will choose – on the Feast (*ḥag*) of Unleavened Bread (*matzōt*), on the Feast of Weeks (*shavu`ōt*) and on the Feast of Booths (*sukkōt*). They shall not appear before the Lord empty-handed, ¹⁷but each with his own gift, according to the blessing that the Lord your God has bestowed upon you.

דברים פרק טז

(טז) שָׁלוֹשׁ בְּּשָׁנָה יֵרְאֶה כָל זְכוּרְדְּ אֶת פְּנִי יְלְוָק אֱלֹהֶיךְּ בַּמְּקוֹם אֲשֶׁר יִבְחָר בְּחַג הַמַּצוֹת וּבְחַג הַשָּׁבֻעוֹת וּבְחַג הַסְּכּוֹת וְלֹא יֵרָאֶה אֶת פְּנֵי יְלְוָק רֵיקָם: (יז) אִישׁ כְּמַהְנַת יְדוֹ כְּבִרְכַּת יְלְוָק אֱלֹהֶיךְ אֵשֶׁר נַתַן לַךְּ: ס

(א) אָז אָמַר שָלמה יִקוָק אַמַר לִשְׁכּוֹן

2 Chronicles 6

¹Then Solomon declared: "The Lord has chosen to abide in a thick cloud; ²I have built for You a stately House, and a place where You may dwell forever." ³Then, as the whole congregation of Israel stood, the king turned and blessed the whole congregation of Israel. ⁴He said, "Blessed is the Lord God of Israel, who made promise to my father David and fulfilled it. For He said, 5'From the time I brought My people out of the land of Egypt, I never chose a city from among all the tribes of Israel to build a House where My name might abide; nor did I choose anyone to be the leader of my people Israel. ⁶But then I chose Jerusalem for My name to abide there, and I chose David to rule My people Israel.' ⁷Now my father David had wanted to build a House for the name of the Lord God of Israel. ⁸But the Lord said to my father David, 'As for your wanting to build a House for My name, you do well to want that. ⁹However, you shall not build the House; your son, the issue of your loins, he shall build the House for My name.' ¹⁰Now the Lord has fulfilled the promise that He made. I have succeeded my father David and have ascended the throne of Israel, as the Lord promised. I have built the House for the name of the Lord God of Israel, ¹¹ and there I have set the Ark containing the Covenant that the Lord made with the Israelites."

דברי הימים ב פרק ו

בַּעַרְפָּל: (ב) וַאֲנִי בַּנִיתִי בִית זְבַל לְדְּ ומכון לשבתך עולמים: (ג) וַיַּסֶב הַמֵּלֶךְ אָת פַּנֵיו וַיִבַרְדְ אָת כַּל קהל ישראל וכל קהל ישראל עומד: (ד) וַיֹּאמֶר בָּרוּךְ יִקֹנָק אֱלֹהֵי יִשְׁרָאֵל אֲשֵׁר דְבֵּר בַּפִיו אָת דַּוִיד אבִי וּבִיַדִיו מַלָּא לאמר: (ה) מון היום אשר הוצאתי את עמי מארץ מצרים לא בחרתי בעיר מכל שבטי ישראל לבנות בית להיות שמי שם ולא בחרתי באיש להיות נגיד על עמי ישראל: (ו) ואבחר בירושלם להיות שָׁמִי שַם וַאֶבְחַר בְּדַוִיד לְהִיוֹת עַל עַמִּי יִשִּׁרָאֵל: (זֹ) וַיִהִי עם לְבַב דְּוִיד אָבִי לָבְנוֹת בַּיִת לְשֵׁם יִקוַק אֱלֹהֵי יִשְׁרָאֵל: (ח) וַיֹּאמֶר יִקֹנַק אֵל דַּוִיד אַבִּי יַעַן אֲשֶׁר הַיָה עם לְבַבְּדְּ לְבְנוֹת בַּיִת לְשָׁמִי הֵטִיבוֹת כִּי הַיַה עָם לְבַבֶּך:

(ט) רֵק אַתָּה לֹא תִבְנֶה הַבָּיִת כִּי בִּנְךְּ הַיּוֹצֵא מֵחֲלָצֶיךְ הוּא יִבְנֶה הַבַּיִת לִשְׁמִי: (י) וַיָּקֶם יְקֹנָק אֶת דְּבָרוֹ אֲשֶׁר דִּבֵּר וָאָקוּם תַּחַת דְּוִיד אָבִי וָאֵשֵׁב עַל כְּסֵא יִשְׂרָאֵל כַּאֲשֶׁר דִּבֶּר יְקֹנָק וָאֶבְנֶה הַבַּיִת לְשֵׁם יְקֹנָק אֱלֹהֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל:

(יא) וָאָשִּׁים שָׁם אֶת הָאָרוֹן אֲשֶׁר שָׁם בְּרִית יְקֹוָק אֲשֶׁר כָּרַת עִם בְּנֵי יִשְּׂרָאֵל:

SOURCES OF AUTHORITY IN ISLAM

أُصنُول الفِقْه Uṣūl al-fiqh

- 1. QUR'AN (מְקְרָא פֿٰלַוֹט).
- 2. SUNNA (حَدِيث, سُنَّة).
- 3. PERSONAL OPINION (ra'i رَأْيِ); ANALOGICAL REASONING (qiyās قِيَاس قِيَاس), REASONED OPINION (ijtihād إجتِهَاد).
- 4. CONSENSUS (ijmā` إجمَاع).

Fivefold taxonomy of conduct in Islamic law (and talmudic parallels)

wājib	وَاجِب	commanded	<u></u> ḥayyāv	חַיָּב
mandūb	مَنْدُوب	commended	meshubbāḥ	מְשוּבָּח
Mubāḥ	مُبَاح	permitted	muttār	מוּתָר
makrūh	مَكْرُوه	condemned	megunneh	מְגוּנֶה
ḥarām	حَرَام	forbidden	asur	אָסוּר

Sura 5 (The Table)

44We have brought down the Torah in which is guidance and light; the prophets who submitted judged the Jews by it, and the rabbis and scholars by what they knew of the Book of God, being witnesses [of the following aphorism?]. 'Fear not people, but fear Me, and do not sell My signs for a small price.' Whoever does not judge by what God has brought down, those are the unbelievers!

سورة المائدة

إِنَّا أَنْزُلْنَا التَّوْرَاةَ فِيهَا هُدًى وَنُورٌ يَحْكُمُ هِمَا النَّبِيُّونَ الَّذِينَ أَسْلَمُواْ لِلَّذِينَ هَادُواْ وَالرَّبَّانِيُّونَ وَالأَحْبَارُ مِمَا النَّبِيُّونَ اللَّهِ وَكَانُواْ عَلَيْهِ شُهَدَاء فَلاَ اسْتُحْفِظُواْ مِن كِتَابِ اللّهِ وَكَانُواْ عَلَيْهِ شُهَدَاء فَلاَ تَخْشُواْ النَّاسَ وَاحْشُونِ وَلاَ تَشْتَرُواْ بِآيَاتِي ثَمَنًا قَلِيلاً وَمَن لَمَّ يَحْكُم مِمَا أَنزَلَ اللّهُ فَأُوْلَءِكَ هُمُ الْكَافِرُونَ وَهَمَن لَمَّ هُمُ الْكَافِرُونَ 44}

إِنَّا أَنزَلْنَا التَّوْرَاةَ فِيهَا هُدًى وَنُورٌ

We have brought down the Torah in which is guidance and light